

Minor Changes to the BSc (Hons) in Internet and Multimedia Technologies
(BSc in IMT) (42477/42477-SY) Programme

Background

The Department reviews the programme regularly to ensure the subjects of the curriculum match with the education background and needs of the students, align with the programme aims, objectives and intended learning outcomes, cater to the demand for talents from the industries, and stay abreast of the development of the technology. To align with the development trend of many electronic and information engineering as well as computer science academic programmes around the world where training on Artificial Intelligence (AI) is introduced into the curricula, the Department has implemented relevant minor changes to the BSc (Hons) in Internet and Multimedia Technologies (BSc in IMT) (42477/42477-SY) programme.

Adding an elective subject “EIE4121 Machine Learning for Cyber-security” to the 4-year and Senior Year Curricula

Machine learning techniques have become popular in many different fields. In recent years, machine learning techniques have been applied to cyber-security tasks. There is a growing trend of using these techniques to cyber-security tasks such as application and endpoint security. Currently, the BSc in IMT programme does not offer any subject that covers machine learning techniques in cyber-security. It is beneficial to students to learn these techniques and develop skills to apply these techniques to solve various problems in cyber-security.

Besides, during the student feedback collection exercise in 2018/19 Semester 2, the Department sought students’ views on the area(s) of subject(s) they preferred if the Department had resources to offer new technical elective subjects for the undergraduate degree programmes it offered. Most students who had given comments preferred new subjects in the areas of Artificial Intelligence, Big Data and Machine Learning. The Department considered that a new subject in the field of Machine Learning could be offered to cater to students’ interests and respond to the Departmental Review panel members’ suggestions.

The Department therefore introduces a new 3-credit subject “EIE4121 Machine Learning in Cyber-security” (Appendix I) to the 4-year and senior year curricula of the BSc in IMT programme as a technical elective subject. This subject intends to introduce concepts about machine learning techniques in cyber-security to students and develop students’ skills of using recent techniques for solving practical problems in cyber-security. Topics such as machines learning techniques, machine learning development environments, malware analysis, phishing detection and anomaly detection will be covered in this subject.

Adding EIE4121 to the 4-year and senior year curricula provides BSc in IMT students with more choices of elective subjects.

The adding of “EIE4121 Machine Learning in Cyber-security” to the 4-year and senior year curricula of the BSc in IMT programme as a technical elective will take effect from 2019/20 Semester 2 and be applicable to all students of the BSc in IMT programme.

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	EIE4121
Subject Title	Machine Learning in Cyber-security
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite	Nil
Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To introduce concepts about machine learning techniques in cyber-security 2. To develop skills of using recent techniques for solving practical problems in cyber-security
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <p><u>Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Understand different machine learning techniques 2. Use different techniques for solving problems in cyber security <p><u>Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Present ideas and findings effectively
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>Syllabus:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <u>Machine learning techniques</u> Introduction to machine learning; Basic concepts and classification; Supervised learning and unsupervised learning; classification; clustering; Neural Networks; Support vector machines; Dimensionality reduction; Deep learning 2. <u>Machine learning development environments</u> Software tools for implementing machine learning techniques; Generalization performance; Issues of over-fitting. 3. <u>Malware Analysis</u> Introduction to malware analysis; Types of malware analysis; static analysis, dynamic analysis; Behavioral vs code analysis; Use of machine learning techniques for malware detection such as K-Means, support vector machines, convolutional neural networks. 4. <u>Phishing detection</u> Introduction to phishing detection; Analysis of email/websites/message features for phishing characterization; Use of techniques such as logistic regression and decision tree for phishing detection. 5. <u>Anomaly Detection</u> Introduction to the anomaly definition; overview of anomaly detection techniques; static rules technique; use of machine learning techniques such as autoencoder for anomaly detection. <p>Laboratory Experiments:</p> <p>Practical Works:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Evaluation of machine learning techniques in malware detection 2. Evaluation of machine learning techniques in phishing detection <p>Forensic analysis of digital evidence.</p>

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Teaching and Learning Method	Intended Subject Learning Outcome	Remarks		
	Lectures	1, 2	Fundamental principles and key concepts of the subject are delivered to students.		
	Tutorials	1, 2	Supplementary to lectures; Students will be able to clarify concepts and to have a deeper understanding of the lecture material; Problems and application examples are given and discussed.		
	Laboratory sessions	2, 3	Students will evaluate different kinds of machine learning techniques.		
	Mini-project	1, 2, 3	Students are required to study the use of machine learning techniques in cyber-security application. Students will need to submit a written report and make a presentation.		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific Assessment Methods/Tasks	% Weighting	Intended Subject Learning Outcomes to be Assessed (Please tick as appropriate)		
			1	2	3
	1. Continuous Assessment (total 50%)				
	• Tests	17%	√	√	
	• Short quizzes	10%	√	√	
	• Laboratory sessions	5%		√	√
	• Mini-project	18%		√	√
	2. Examination	50%	√	√	
	Total	100%			
	The continuous assessment consists of tests, short quizzes, laboratory exercises and a mini-project.				
Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:					
Specific Assessment Methods/Tasks	Remark				
Short quizzes	These can measure students' understanding of the theories and concepts as well as their comprehension of subject materials.				
Tests and examination	end-of chapter type problems used to evaluate students' ability in applying concepts and skills learnt in the classroom; students need to think critically in order to come with a solution for a problem.				
Laboratory sessions, mini-project	oral examination will be conducted to evaluate student's technical knowledge and communication skills.				

Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact (time-tabled):	
	• Lecture	24 Hours
	• Tutorial/Laboratory/Practice Classes	15 Hours
	Other student study effort:	
	• Lecture: preview/review of notes; homework/assignment; preparation for test/quizzes/examination	26 Hours
	• Tutorial/Laboratory/Practice Classes: preview of materials, revision and/or reports writing	40 Hours
	Total student study effort:	105 Hours
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mark Stamp, Introduction to Machine Learning with Applications in Information Security, Chapman and Hall/CRC, 2017. 2. Chiheb Chebbi, Mastering Machine Learning for Penetration Testing, Packt Publishing Ltd, 2018. 3. Sumeet Dua and Xian Du, Data Mining and Machine Learning in Cybersecurity, Auerbach Publications, 2011. 4. Monnappa K A, Learning Malware Analysis, Packt Publishing Ltd, 2018. 5. Dipanjan Sarkar, Raghav Bali and Tushar Sharma, Practical Machine Learning with Python, Apress, 2018. 	
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